

Swedish Life Cycle Center



Partners

CHALMERS









Nouryon



















Polestar

Government agencies in collaboration





















...through

- Coordination between TAB members in Sweden
- Arrange forums for dialogue
- Information & communication
- Research and case studies

Aim of webinar

insight into biodiversity and land use methodologies for Environmental Footprints (EF) and through discussion influence the continued development of Environmental Footprint

Agenda

- Welcome and introduction to Product Environmental Footprint and the project Environmental Footprint in Sweden (Sara Palander SLC, Elin Eriksson, IVL)
- Strategies and policy requirements from EU Commission related to Biodiversity and Land use; e.g. Green Deal, Taxonomy, EU Forest Policy (Elin Eriksson, IVL)
- Introduction to the LANCA method, and ongoing developments (Rafael Horn, Fraunhofer)
- Status of Biodiversity in the Agricultural WG in TAB and the ongoing evaluation (Rafael Horn, Fraunhofer)
- Short break!
- Status of development of Biodiversity Standard within ISO (Andreas Englund, IVL)
- Example of approaches to quantify biodiversity in LCA in relation to PEF (Serina Ahlgren, RISE, Eskil Mattson, IVL)
- Discussion
- Reflections and ways forward!

Participants



Experienced in Life Cycle Assessment

Expertise in biodiversity

Learning!

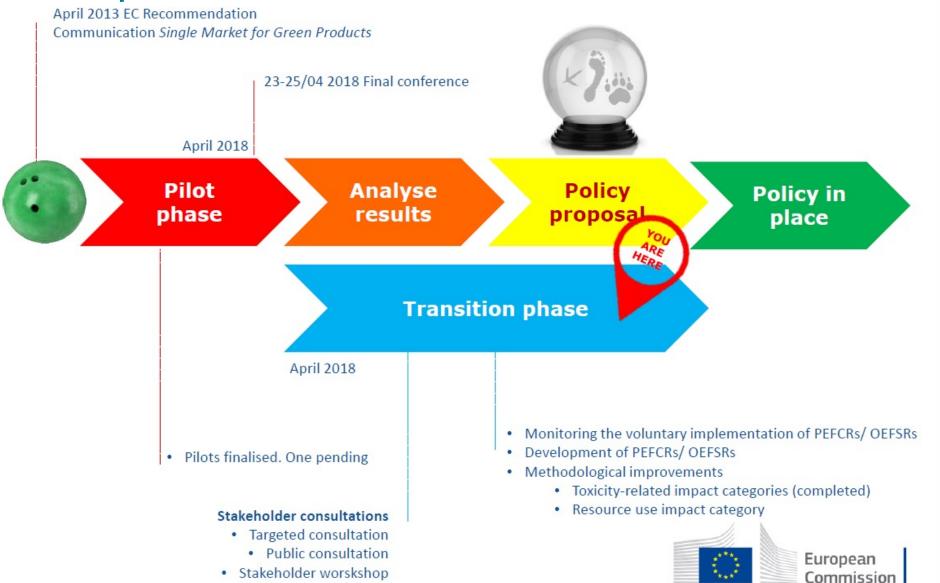
House rules!

- Keep your microphone muted!
- Time for questions use the chat function
- If you have problems with the audio? dial in!
- This webinar is recorded!

Product Environmental Footprint

Elin Eriksson, IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute

Product Environmental Footprint – to harmonise footprints, declarations and claims in EU



PEFCR development during Transition phase (Product Environmental Footprint Category Rules)

- Apparel and footwear
- Cut flowers and potted plants
- Flexible packaging
- Marine Fish
- Synthetic Turf











Product Environmental Footprint and Organisational Environmental Footprint Pilots

1st wave of pilots



Batteries and accumulators



Decorative paints



Hot & cold water pipe systems



Liquid household detergents



IT equipment



Metal sheets



Non-leather shoes



Photovoltaic electricity generation



Stationary



Intermediate paper products



T-shirts



Uninterrupted power supplies



Retailer sector



Copper sector

2nd wave of pilots



Leather



Thermal insulation



Beer



Coffee



Fish



Dairy products



Feed



Meat



Pet food



Olive oil



Pasta



Wine



Packed water



Possible ways to communicate PEF results













ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT

BETTER MEDIUM WORSE

Certified environmental information.

Water consumption

www.carlsbergitalia.it

· CO, emissions

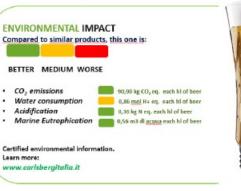
Acidification

Compared to similar products, this one is:











ENVIRONMENTAL Impact · CO, emisisons: 90,90 kg CO, eq. / hl of beer · Acidification: 0,86 mol H+ eq. / hl of beer · Maarine eutrophication: 0,36 kg N eq. / hl of beer Water consumption: 0,56 m3 of water eq. / hl of beer Certified environmental information. www.carlsbergitalia.it

Harmonised modelling rules



Rules have been developed

- How to define representative product/organisation
- Life Cycle Impact Assessment Methods
- Materiality principle (Hotspot procedure)
- © Cut-off
- Climate change modelling
- Agricultural modelling
- © Electricity modelling
- Transport modelling
- Infrastructure and equipment modelling
- Packaging modelling
- © Use stage modelling
- End-of-Life modelling
- Data Need Matrix
- © Benchmark
- © Normalisation

Discussions needed

- Functional Unit
- Scope (granularity)
- Allocation
- Biodiversity
- Data QualityRequirements
- Toxicity
- Weighting

No agreement on method

- Slaughterhouse modelling
- © Classes of performance

Strategies and the policy requirements from the EU Commission

Elin Eriksson, IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute

The EU Biodiversity Strategy

ONE VISION

By 2050, all of the world's ecosystems are restored, resilient, and adequately protected

ONE GOAL

Put Europe's biodiversity on the path to recovery by 2030 for the benefit of **people**, the **planet**, the **climate** and our **economy**

FOUR PILLARS



Protect Nature

Expand protected areas to 30% of the EU's land and sea, and put a third of these areas under strict protection



Restore Nature

Restore nature and ensure its sustainable management across all sectors and ecosystems



Enable transformative change

Strengthen the EU biodiversity governance framework, knowledge, research, financing and investments



EU action to support biodiversity globally

Deploy EU external actions to raise the level of ambition for biodiversity worldwide, reduce the impact of trade and support biodiversity outside Europe









ACTIONS AND COMMITMENTS TO 2030

Taxonomy requirements



Substantial contribution to Climate Change Mitigation



And compliance with the requirements of the other five objectives

Including Biodiveristy

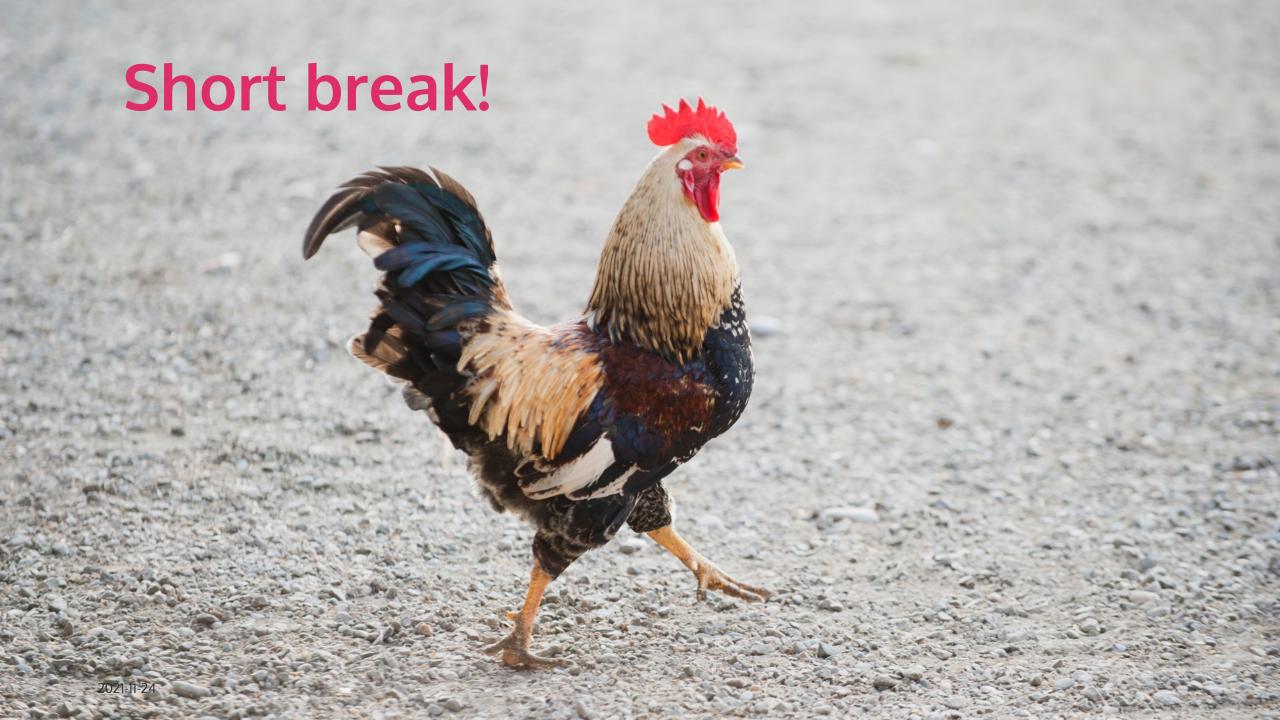


Introduction to the LANCA method

Rafael Horn, Fraunhofer

Ongoing in the Agricultural working group within the Technical Advisory Board

Rafael Horn, Fraunhofer



Development of Biodiversity Standard within ISO

Andreas Englund, IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute

Example of approaches to quantify biodiversity in LCA

Serina Ahlgren, RISE Research Institutes of Sweden

Eskil Mattsson, IVL Swedish Environmental Research Institute

Discussion!

Go to menti.com and use the code 2697 0898

Q: Comparison of product environmental performance is a basic aspect promoted through introduction of PEF. How can we compare the biodiversity/land use performance of different products?

Q: Where are the gaps and needs?

Q: How can Scandinavian conditions be more taken into account? How can we drive and impact the development?



lifecyclecenter@chalmers.se
www.lifecyclecenter.se/calendar
LinkedIn: Swedish Life Cycle Center
https://www.lifecyclecenter.se/registration-to-public-newsletter/